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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/786,672	02/25/2004	Dale C. Gledhill	15272.35.1 3017		
7590 06/17/2004			EXAMINER		
L. David Grift		CARTER, MONICA SMITH			
WORKMAN, I 1000 Eagle Gat	NYDEGGER & SEELEY te Tower	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
60 East South T		3722			
Salt Lake City,	UT 84111	DATE MAILED: 06/17/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Application	Application No. Applicant(s)		· ·			
		10/786,67	72	GLEDHILL, DALE	C.			
		Examiner		Art Unit				
•		Monica S.		3722				
The Period for Re	MAILING DATE of this commun	ication appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress			
A SHORTE THE MAIL - Extensions of after SIX (6) - If the period - If NO period - Failure to re Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FING DATE OF THIS COMMUNION of time may be available under the provisions MONTHS from the mailing date of this common for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 for reply is specified above, the maximum stiply within the set or extended period for reply ceived by the Office later than three months and term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evenunication. 0) days, a reply within the state stutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be tir utory minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.			
Status								
1)⊠ Resi	oonsive to communication(s) file	d on 25 February 200	04.					
,	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3) Sinc	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition o	f Claims							
4a) C 5)	m(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the apply the above claim(s) is/am(s) is/am(s) is/are allowed. m(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected. m(s) is/are objected to. m(s) are subject to restrict	re withdrawn from co						
Application P	apers							
10)∏ The o	specification is objected to by the drawing(s) filed on is/are: icant may not request that any objectement drawing sheet(s) including	a) accepted or b)	e held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	FR 1.121(d).			
11) The	oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. No	ote the attached Office	Action or form PT	O-152.			
Priority under	r 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a) <u></u> All 1. <u></u> 2.☐ 3.☐	Certified copies of the priority	documents have bee documents have bee of the priority documenal Bureau (PCT Rul	n received. In received in Applicat ents have been receiv e 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	Stage			
	eferences Cited (PTO-892) raftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F	TO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate,				
3) Information	Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTC)-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-5 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 7-11 of copending Application No. 10/229,198. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the only difference between the present claims and the patented claims is that the present claims disclose the intermediate portion having indicia disposed thereon specific to marketing the device. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide indicia of any required kind on the intermediate portion, since it would only depend on the intended use of the assembly and the desired information to be displayed. Further, it has been held that when the claimed printed matter is not functionally related to the substrate it will not distinguish the invention from the prior art in terms of patentability. *In re Gulack*, 217 USPQ 401, (CAFC 1983). The fact that the

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content of the printed matter placed on the substrate may render the device more convenient by providing an individual with a specific type of label does not alter the functional relationship. Mere support by the substrate for the printed matter is not the kind of functional relationship necessary for patentability. Thus, there is no novel and unobvious functional relationship between the printed matter and the substrate which is required for patentability.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-3 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hamstra et al. (5,894,923).

Hamstra et al. disclose a foldable label package (10) for use with a device (40) comprising a first end (49); a second end (48); and an intermediate portion (12-16) having indicia (23 – indicia; 17- advertising space) disposed thereon specific to marketing the device (it is inherent to the device that the advertising space would include indicia specific to marketing the device), wherein the intermediate portion is selectively adjustable between a retracted position (as seen in figure 4) in which a

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portion of the intermediate portion is obscured, and an extended position (as seen in figure 2) in which at least a portion of the intermediate portion that was obscured is clearly seen or easily distinguished (in figure 4, information printed on the intermediate panels is obscured, but in figure 5, the information can clearly be seen), wherein the first end (49) is adapted to be connected to the device (holes 42-45 enable the end 49 of the foldable label package to be connected to the prong 40).

Note: It has been held that the recitation that an element is "adapted to" perform a function is not a positive limitation but only requires the ability to so perform. *In re Hutchinson,* 69 USPQ 138. Therefore, the reference applied is only required have the ability to perform the claimed function. In this case, the ends of Hamstra et al. is capable of performing the claimed function.

Regarding claim 2, Hamstra et al. disclose the intermediate portion comprising a folded portion (see col. 2, lines 46-47).

Regarding claim 3, Hamstra et al. disclose the intermediate portion comprising a first and second portion, the second portion being positioned beneath the first portion (as seen in figure 4).

Regarding claim 5, Hamstra et al. inherently disclose at least a portion of the intermediate portion comprising flexible material to enable the panels of the intermediate portion to fold.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamstra et al.

Hamstra et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the intermediate portion comprising an S-shaped portion. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to make the different portions of the intermediate portion of whatever form or shape was desired or expedient. A change in form or shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art, absent any showing of unexpected results. *In re Dailey et al.*, 149 USPQ 47. Furthermore, applicant has failed to disclose that the shape of the intermediate portion is critical to the invention.

Conclusion

- 6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited references disclose label assemblies.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Monica S. Carter whose telephone number is (703) 305-

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0305. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday (7:00 AM - 4:30 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrea L. Wellington can be reached on (703) 308-2159. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

June 15, 2004

MONICA S. CARTER
PRIMARY EXAMINER